

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION**

Please replace paragraph [0062] with the following amended paragraph:

[0062] In the case of the n-line interlace drive, the frequency of sound generated in the display portion does not depend on the resolution of the display device, but depends only on the scanning frequency (that is, frame frequency) of the screen. That is, frequency of sound = ~~frame frequency~~  $\text{frame frequency} / (2 \times n)$   $(\text{frame frequency} / 2) \times n$ . Accordingly, in the case of the three-line interlace drive, the frequency of sound is  ~~$60 / (2 \times 3)$~~   $(60 / 2) \times 3$  = about 90 Hz. In order to suppress flicker of a displayed image and optimize the image quality, the frame frequency may be increased from 60 Hz to about 100 Hz. In this case, the frequency of generated sound is about 150 Hz, but the frequency is so low that it cannot be recognized easily by human ears.